

DROPPED OUT OF SIGHT.

Mysterious Disappearance of
H. Jay Hanchette.

HE WAS LAST SEEN AT CHICAGO.

Absolutely No Trace of the Missing
Manager—No Reason Assigned
for His Strange Action—The-
ories and Speculations.

History is frequently called upon to record the sudden disappearance of human beings in all stations in life, and each case seems more mysterious than the first. Time and again men who were well known to thousands of people in all parts of the country have disappeared from the face of the globe as suddenly and completely as if the earth had opened and swallowed them up, and although most diligent search was made, no trace was ever after found to show what had become of them. In almost every case they disappear from under the very eyes, so to speak, of their friends, and in many cases no reason whatever can be found for the sudden leaving, by those who take an interest in them. The affair becomes a seven-days wonder, as a matter of course, but the time soon arrives when the public loses all interest in the matter and the missing one is as completely forgotten as if he had never existed.

Probably the most mysterious case of the kind that has been reported for several years past is that of Harry Jay Hanchette, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of this city, superintendent of the late State circus fair at Hazard's Pavilion, general manager of the Southern California orange carnival in Chicago and a member of the Board of Liberal Directors of the State circus fair at Hazard's Pavilion, general manager of the Southern California orange carnival in Chicago and a member of the Board of Liberal Directors of the State circus fair at Hazard's Pavilion, general manager of the Southern California orange carnival in Chicago and a member of the Board of Liberal Directors of the State circus fair at Hazard's Pavilion.



H. J. Hanchette.

guarantee fund sufficient to insure its success in case they did not take in money enough at the door to pay the expenses. In less than three days after Mr. Hanchette's departure the fund was raised and he was instructed to secure a hall in Chicago and go ahead with his arrangements.

This he did and the carnival was pronounced a success by the thousands of people who attended, but it was not the financial success that the officers of the chamber anticipated, and when the bills were all paid during the early days of the present month it was found that the venture was behind several hundred dollars. This did not give them any trouble, as they had more than enough money from the State circus fair to pay all expenses, and had the carnival workers from Southern California at home. For this reason the carnival people, who have known about Hanchette's disappearance for several days, are at a loss to account for the missing manager.

At present the disappearance of the manager of the carnival is wrapped in mystery, and the only facts that could be sifted down by a Times reporter yesterday, are about as follows:

On the 7th inst. the managers of the carnival cleaned up their business, and Manager Hanchette and President C. M. Wells, of the Chamber of Commerce, who had general supervision of the whole thing, decided to start for Los Angeles. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon Mr. Hanchette's assistant, Frank Wiggins, secured a carriage and assisted Hanchette in placing his baggage in and started him for the Santa Fé depot. The train was not to leave until 7:30 p. m., but Hanchette was anxious to return by the northern route, and started for the depot this early that he might try to have his passes changed, notwithstanding the fact that he had been told that he could not change the passes. This was the last seen of him by Mr. Wiggins, but his cousin, Albert Smith, who had been with him at 6:30 o'clock and made an engagement to be at the Santa Fé train at 7:30 to see him off, Mr. Wells and Smith were at the train at that point, but Hanchette did not show up, and when Wells boarded the train and started for home he supposed that Hanchette had secured his passes over the northern route and had started for home that way. Smith went back home, and while he thought it a little strange that Hanchette had not notified him of his change of route, he did not suspect anything wrong.

Assistant Wiggins started for home on the following day, the 8th, but he heard nothing more of the missing manager. Both Wells and Wiggins reached home in due time, and were surprised to learn that Hanchette had not arrived and that his wife had not received a word from him since the 5th inst.

This put them to thinking, and they decided to start an investigation. The last letter to Mrs. Hanchette was dated the 5th inst., and he stated that he would start for home the day after or on the 7th. A dispatch of the same date was sent to his wife, and he informed her that he would hurry home as fast as possible.

At first it was thought that he had gone to Texas to look after some property that he supposed was left him, but an investigation showed that they were not on the right track, and they looked up the northern route, but found that he did not start that way. They then put themselves in communication with the Chicago people, and learned that Hanchette was seen by the package boy at the depot after the Los Angeles train left. The boy saw him board the Washburn train for St. Louis. The boy knew him well, and is positive that he started for St. Louis, but why he should have gone to that city no one knows.

Since then dispatches and letters have been sent in every direction, but no trace of him can be found. His brother, Charles D. Hanchette, who lives in Hancock, Mich., was notified and he, too, has been doing all in his power to unravel the mystery, but yesterday he gave up, for a dispatch was received from him, saying that he had just notified the police and would give the matter to the Associated Press.

That was done last night and today there are thousands of officers and detectives looking for him all over the United States. His friends in this city are of the opinion that the excitement of the Chicago carnival brought on temporary insanity and he is wandering about the country, but this is hardly a good theory, as he would certainly have been picked up by officers en route, and there would have been no trouble in identifying him.

His wife is of the opinion that he has been killed. She thinks he started for home and was killed on the train or at some station. This cannot be true, for had he started home his baggage would have arrived before this.

hair and eyes, and wears a short moustache and beard parted English fashion. He is about 5 feet 9 inches in height and weighs about 145 pounds. He is of a very nervous temperament and while in conversation twitches and jerks in a most noticeable manner. His friends will do everything in their power to find him.

AT CHICAGO.

The Story of Secretary Hanchette's Mysterious Disappearance. Chicago, May 17.—[By the Associated Press.] H. J. Hanchette, secretary of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, and manager of the California orange carnival recently exhibited here, is said to be missing in Chicago since the 7th inst. The matter has been reported to the police, who have been notified to look for the missing man. C. D. Hanchette, the missing man's brother, who lives here, is of the opinion that he has fallen a victim to foul play. The last seen of Hanchette was when he was in a Clark-street ticket broker's office about 7 o'clock on the night of the 7th. At 8 o'clock he intended to leave for Los Angeles over the Santa Fé with the carnival party. Earlier in the day he had carried his baggage to the Dearborn station and left it with the check boy. It has been ascertained that a man answering Hanchette's description called on the 9:30 o'clock train, and walked toward the gate as though to take the train. His friends in Chicago, E. C. Smith, his aunt, Mrs. Murphy, and his grandfather, Mr. Griffin, concluded that he had taken a later train for home, and waited a week before making inquiry in this city. Saturday a telegram was received from C. D. Hanchette, Hanchette's assistant, stating that no news had been learned from him in nine days, and that his wife is terrified. The missing man is 35 years old and is a prominent citizen of Los Angeles. He had been a candidate for member of the Board of Education, and was a director of the Public Library. He was once city editor of the Los Angeles Herald, and had been connected with various San Francisco dailies. When last seen he had about \$200 with him. Friends say he had no bad habits. A full description of the missing man has been furnished the police, who will try ascertain his whereabouts.

May Have Taken the Northern Line. SAN DIEGO, May 17.—R. H. Young, one of San Diego's delegates to the orange carnival at Chicago says that when he left on the 6th inst., H. J. Hanchette was preparing to return to the Coast with a party of friends over either the Northern Pacific or the Canadian Pacific railroads. If he took the latter route it is probable that Mr. Hanchette may still be on his way to Los Angeles, as twelve days are required to make the trip on that line.

FIRST STREET GRADE.

WHAT THE RAILROAD PEOPLE SAY ABOUT THE CHANGE.

Interview with Engineer Fred Eaton—The Question to Again Come Up in the Council This Morning.

The matter of the first street grade, postponed from the special meeting held Friday, will come up before the Council again today. The question has been very generally discussed in the papers, and the claims of the property-owners have been given at length, but the Electric railroad people say that there are a great many facts which have not yet been brought out. The situation, in brief, at present, is as follows: Some months ago an ordinance establishing a 10 per cent grade was passed. When the Electric road began building out First street the ordinance was changed, so as to make a 6 per cent grade, which would necessitate a thirty-two foot cut at the intersection of First and Figueroa streets. When the property-owners at this point learned that a thirty-two foot cut was contemplated they protested, on the ground that it would amount to a virtual confiscation of their property, and also on the ground that the railroad company's engineers had told them that they would only have a fifteen-foot cut. There was an investigation by the Council when an ordinance changing the grade back was passed, and nothing more was heard of the matter. In the meantime, the railroad people went on with their cut, and when it was noticed that they were going below grade the matter was again brought to the attention of the Council and it was discovered that the last ordinance was illegal, as the provisions of a previous ordinance, law, passed March 31, last, had not been complied with and that in consequence the 6 per cent grade was a legal one, and that the railroad company was only putting its track on the legally established grade. The property-owners again protested, a special meeting of the Council was called, the matter was debated at length, after which a postponement was had until today.

Fred Eaton, the Belt road engineer, was interviewed by a Times reporter yesterday, and gave quite a number of points on which the question, which has not heretofore been published. The average grade of First street, said Mr. Eaton, is 4 per cent, with a 10 per cent grade at Figueroa, which makes a good street throughout, whereas to put a 10 per cent grade at that point would make a bump that would injure the whole thoroughfare for general traffic. To put the 10 per cent grade would make the property on the south side fifty feet below grade, whereas, on a 6 per cent grade, the maximum cut at the top of the hill would be thirty-two feet. From Broadway avenue to Ohio street is 900 feet. The 10 per cent grade damages all the property on the south side, or 900 feet, whereas the 6 per cent grade damages but 800 feet on the north side. The damage to property on the north side of Figueroa street by the low grade is offset by the damage to Figueroa street on the south side by the high grade, so that the actual damage by the low grade as compared to the high grade is as 250 to 900—in other words, the 10 per cent grade damages more than twice as much property as the low grade.

So far as a compromise grade is concerned, Mr. Eaton said that it would be much more economical for the people to let the matter stand where it now is, as under the new law before any change is made the property-owners must be first compensated. As a point of economy, the grade should be left where it now is, and the maximum of damages adjusted when the grade of Figueroa is changed to conform to First.

This is, in brief, the railroad side of the case, from an engineering standpoint. The property-owners will, however, probably be on hand this morning, when they will again have their say.

The State Health.

The circular for April has just been issued by the State Board of Health. Mortality reports from sixty-seven cities, towns and localities, having a population of 674,830, show 1064 deaths to have occurred from all causes during the past month. This is a percentage of 1.57 per 1000 per month, or 18.84 per 1000 per annum. Consumption was the cause of death in 164 cases, pneumonia in 153. Croup caused 21 deaths, a gripe was responsible for 13 deaths, and there is a reasonable presumption, it is stated in the report, that many fatal cases of lung disease are traceable directly to an attack of this disease.

A Quaker Case.

W. H. Syme of Pasadena was arrested by Deputy Constable Harry Johnson, a day or two ago, on a charge of perjury. Some time ago Syme swore out a complaint against W. H. Young, charging him with petty larceny, accusing Young of having stolen a \$25 horse. This case has been disposed of, and now Young has had Syme arrested for perjury.

FRANK X. ENGLER, piano maker and tuner, 208 S. Broadway.

PURVIS—H. J. Woolcott, 124 and 126 N. Spring st., delivers two cases California wine, consisting of assortment of bottles, to any part of the United States for \$2.50.

THE MILLER MURDER.

No Light Thrown on the
Terrible Tragedy.

THE SCENE AT THE MORQUE.

The Detectives at Work on the Case,
But No Clue So Far Discovered—Trailed with
Bloodhounds.

The Carlton-saloon tragedy, in which George W. Miller, the proprietor, was so brutally murdered Saturday night while sleeping on a lounge in one of the card-rooms near the entrance, which opens on the new City Hall grounds, was the main topic of conversation among detectives and police officers yesterday. A number of theories were advanced, but it is very certain that all are at sea up to date, and it is a question as to whether the fiend will ever be caught.

At first it was believed that the object was robbery, but all the circumstances surrounding the terrible slaughter go to prove that the motive is deeper, but what it is no one can tell. Miller's companions state that he was drinking to excess all day Saturday and flung up considerable money, but his partner states that when the old man came in the saloon shortly after 6 o'clock, he proposed to take a nap in the card-room. He expressed a fear that some one might rob him, and he turned over \$20 in cash and a check for \$200. This check he exhibited around town, but it is not at all probable that any robber would be bold enough to murder a man almost under the eyes of his friends for a check that would be almost sure to identify him in case he tried to cash it.

There is another thing against the robbery theory, and that is that when Miller was found dead on his lounge with two ugly lacerations in his head, he was lying in a natural position, and to all appearance nothing about his person had been touched.



The murdered man.

except his watch, and no one knows when he lost that, as his partner did not think to ask him for it when he took his check and coin from him and placed them in the safe. As a rule, when thieves rob a man after murdering him, they turn his pockets inside out and get the contents that are of no value about in a most careless manner.

That Miller was struck while asleep there is not the slightest doubt, for his eyes were closed and he lay in a most natural position. There could have been no struggle, and it is almost certain that he made no noise when the first blow was struck. It must have killed him instantly, and this is probably the reason why the people who were in the card-room next to him, which is only divided by a very thin board partition, heard nothing. That he was murdered on the lounge where he was found is no doubt, for he died so profusely from the lacerations that had the blow been struck in any other quarter there would have been a trail of blood, and the person who murdered him would have been sure to wipe it off.

It is stated by the police that they have learned that the old man was not murdered before 9 o'clock.

There were a couple of people in the adjoining room at that hour and their attention was called to him by his loud snoring. They left soon after and another crowd entered the room and were there up to a minute before the murder was made public. The second party heard nothing although the deed must have been committed at about the time they entered the room.

A highly dramatic scene took place at the morgue at 2:30 yesterday morning, just after the body had been examined by the Coroner. As soon as the Coroner had satisfied himself as to how the deed was done, he went to the police station where Miller's partner, George Miles, and the boy who discovered the body were detained by the police. He had not been away from the morgue ten minutes when Miller's wife drove up to see the remains her husband. The undertaker charged her with the body, she fell on him and gathering his bloody head in her arms she wept bitterly. Her hands and clothes were covered with blood and as soon as she saw it she threw herself back and fell in a dead faint. The three present had considerable trouble in bringing her around, when they sent her home.

NOTHING DISCOVERED. When the Coroner reached the police station he conducted young Woolley to a private room and spent about thirty minutes questioning him. He then put him through a cross-examination and decided that the police had no grounds to hold them and they were released.

While this examination was going on the police made a thorough search of the saloon and premises but could find nothing that seemed to be the instrument with which the deed was committed. An officer was left in charge of the saloon, and all outsiders were permitted to enter the place.

TRACKED WITH BLOODHOUNDS. Early yesterday morning Coroner Weldon secured a couple of bloodhounds belonging to Mr. Haskell, who lives on Boyle Heights, and with that gentleman and two police officers tracked the murderer for some distance. The footprints and the print of one hand were plainly seen in the soft dirt, where the murderer had stooped in getting through an opening in the fence between the Carlton building and a vacant lot fronting on Third street. The hounds took up the trail and followed it to the corner of Second street over the steps leading past the Crocker mansion, thence to Fourth street, west on Fourth to a large mustard patch and then to Flower street. At this point the dogs became very excited; finally heading toward a house in the vicinity, but turned back on a pathway leading toward Second street, following it with a devotion to the corner of Second street and Bunker Hill avenue. Here the footprints, which had been seen at intervals on the trail, and were the same as those at the fence, were lost, and the dogs, after quivering about over the ground for some minutes, lost the scent entirely, and nothing further could be done. It was then sent back to the city, and the party returned to the city. It is supposed that the murderer went to the mustard patch, where he may have remained some time, or perhaps have secreted the murderous instrument with which the deed was committed, after which he returned to the city by way of Second street, and perhaps passed the police station to ascertain if he was followed, and then he went to the corner of Second street and Bunker Hill avenue. Here the footprints, which had been seen at intervals on the trail, and were the same as those at the fence, were lost, and the dogs, after quivering about over the ground for some minutes, lost the scent entirely, and nothing further could be done. It was then sent back to the city, and the party returned to the city. It is supposed that the murderer went to the mustard patch, where he may have remained some time, or perhaps have secreted the murderous instrument with which the deed was committed, after which he returned to the city by way of Second street, and perhaps passed the police station to ascertain if he was followed, and then he went to the corner of Second street and Bunker Hill avenue.

MRS. MILLER'S CONDITION. About noon yesterday a report was circulated about the streets that Mrs. Miller, the wife of the murdered man, had died from heart disease, caused by shock. Inquiry by a Times reporter at the residence, No. 437 South Broadway, proved the rumor to be untrue. Mrs. Miller, it is, however, in a very critical condition, and, by order of the physician, no one was allowed to see her. She was said to be unconscious, and at 10 o'clock had had a sinking spell, which had

probably given rise to the report about her death.

From Mrs. Golding, who lives in the house with Mr. Miller, it was learned that Mr. Miller left his house Saturday morning in his usual health and spirits. He did not return in the evening, but this was not unusual, as he usually stayed out after supper and Mrs. Miller went down town, and passed by the saloon, but as there was a crowd about the place, Mrs. Miller did not go in after him, and they returned home. The first they heard of the murder was when the night watchman came to the residence and notified them, and she and Mrs. Miller went to the morgue to view the body. Mrs. Miller was overcome by the terrible sight, and fainted. She was then removed to her home, and had since been confined to her bed.

Mr. Miller was a Knight Templar, and held high rank in the Masonic order. The funeral will be held under the direction of that order.

THE AUTOPSY.

Yesterday afternoon Dr. M. M. Kannon, assisted by Coroner Weldon, made a post-mortem examination of the dead man. Two ghastly wounds were found on the left side of the head just back of the ear, evidently inflicted with a hammer. When the scalp was removed from the skull, the character of the wounds was more apparent. Two blows were struck. The first was a downward blow, and the head of an ordinary hammer exactly fitted in the hole, a circle of the skull about one and a half inches in diameter having been crushed in about half an inch. The second blow just below the first was struck straight on, it crushing the skull in several places, all radiating from a common center. When the skull-cap was removed, it was found that the inner plates on the left side were shattered. There had also been profuse internal hemorrhage, and the brain was filled with blood. Death had been instantaneous.

The inquest will probably be held some time today or tomorrow.

CHILDREN ENJOY.

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, is such that if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

SEE MRS. DR. WELLS, who has for many years successfully practiced in giving prompt relief in all cases of constipation, biliousness and rectal diseases, even from first treatment. Sincerely used when needed. Scores of testimonials and references at offices, 2109 "Clifton," 233 N. Broadway.

BRICKS. T. F. Joyce has removed his office to 23 W. First st. Plenty of bricks always on hand. Brick work done at low prices.

Pimples.

The old idea was that facial eruptions were due to a "blood humor," for which they gave potash. Thus the old Sarsaparilla contained potash, a drastic mineral, that instead of decreasing, actually creates more eruptions. You have noticed this when taking other Sarsaparillas. It is however now known that the stomach, the blood-cleansing power, is the seat of all itching or cleansing eruptions. A stomach clogged by indigestion or constipation, vitiates the blood, result pimples. A clean stomach and healthful digestion purifies it and they disappear. Thus Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla is compounded after the modern idea to regulate the bowels and stimulate the digestion. The effect is immediate. A short testimonial to contrast the action of the potash Sarsaparilla and Joy's. Mrs. C. D. Stuart, of 400 Hayes St., S. F., writes: "I have for years had indigestion. I tried a popular Sarsaparilla but it actually caused more pimples to break out on my face. Hearing that Joy's was a later preparation and acted differently, I tried it and the pimples immediately disappeared."

Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla

Largest bottle, most effective, same price.

Sold by OFF & VAUGHN, the Druggists northeast corner Fourth and Spruce st.

PICTURE FRAMES,

STEEL

ENGRAVINGS,

MIRRORS, MOULDINGS

—AND—

Artists' Materials.

Reliable Goods and Satisfactory

Prices.

Sanborn, Vail & Co.,

133 South Spring Street.

THE BEST A BURNER

GASOLINE STOVE

with oven, \$16.

REFRIGERATORS

and Ice Boxes \$5

and up.

A No. 7 Five Hole

RANGE \$10.

Also a full line

First Class

HOUSEFURNISHINGS

Goods constantly

on hand.

F. E. BROWNE

136 So. MAIN ST.

N. E. Corner of 1st and Main

St. Los Angeles, Cal.

Dont Waste your

money

on inferior hose but get the

BLACK LINE

300165

TRADE MARK

The "Spiral" Cotton Hose having no outside cover-

ing to hold the moisture, as Rubber hose does, dries

like a towel, so care takers are cautioned; there

are THREE PATENTS, however, by which you can

tell the difference in quality to sell an inferior hose.

The Genuine "Spiral" has

I. A black line woven in. Be sure it

is BLACK, not dark blue, red or

anything but black.

II. The stencil "SPIRAL" Patented

March 30, 1880, on every

length.

III. THE CORRUGATED COUPLING

and BAND as in cut.

A sample will be sent free if you mention this pub-

lication. Sold everywhere.

BOSTON WOVEN ROSE CO., Man'rs. of Rubber

Belting and Packing, 8 Bush Street, San Francisco,

Cal.; 225 Devonshire St., Boston; 205 Lake St.,

Chicago.

THE W. H. PERRY

Lumber and Manufacturing Company's

Lumber Yard and Planing Mills,

COMMERCIAL ST. LOS ANGELES

PET
CIGARETTES
ARE THE
BEST.

ALLEN & GINTER, MANUFACTURERS, RICHMOND, VA.

A. W. DUNNING,
455 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

Have You Tried the

JOHNSTON
INK
ERASER?
AND IF NOT,
Call in
And Examine It!

WE CARRY a very full line of Tables and Parquet floors, as well as the celebrated "Boston" and "Bunker Hill" Lino, "Boston Lino," "Elite Lino" Lino, "Foreign" Lino, "Imperial Art" etc., with engravings to suit.

For FINE STAT. ORDER our line is unequalled by any in the city.

AFTER JUNE 1,

THE following offer will be withdrawn and

the price per acre will be

\$100 INSTEAD OF \$75.

TAKE NOTICE!

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS!

\$1,000

Made by reading this and acting promptly.

THE SOUTH RIALTO

LAND AND WATER COMPANY

Makes a reduction of \$1000 to purchasers

of 20 acres or \$50 an acre during the next

60 days, offering your choice of 10 or 20

acres of their splendid orange tract of 1800

acres for \$75 an acre, their regular price be-

ing, for their choicest lands, \$125 an acre.

Terms:

One-half to one-third cash, balance on time to suit purchaser; Interest

8 per cent. Title perfect. Soil, the very best, a rich sandy loam fifty

feet deep.

Water:

Abundant; an inch to seven acres. PIPED TO EVERY TEN

ACRES. Supplied under the Wright Irrigation District law.

Situation:

Most desirable. One mile southeast of Rialto, six miles north of

Riverside, one mile west of Colton Terrace, and fifty miles east of Los

Angeles—right in the heart of the Southern California Orange Belt—

no better location can be found for an orange orchard and a delightful

home. The Santa Fé and Southern Pacific railroads pass through the

tract, thus making the world a market for producers.

Building Sites.

One might travel over the world and not find so many and such excel-

lent building sites within a like compass and no two alike. People of

taste, those who enjoy daily the beautiful and sublime, can here have

homes at a moderate cost in the center of a magnificent vista, Gray-

back, Old Baldy, San Jacinto, and the whole San Bernardino Range

make an amphitheater perpetually sublime. Twenty villages are in

sight, and as many trains of cars are often seen in full view. With

such scenery, and oranges growing on one's own premises, paying

yearly \$600 an acre, happiness and comfort are surely secured.

At Colton a carriage meets the morning trains from Los Angeles to

convey free of charge people wishing to look at this beautiful tract.

Call on or address

LOWELL L. ROGERS, Gen'l. Mangr.

COLTON, CAL.

Or his

The Los Angeles Times.

EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR.

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY, TIMES BUILDING

N. E. Corner of First and Broadway.

Vol. XIX., No. 166. ENTERED AT LOS ANGELES POSTOFFICE AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

H. G. OTIS,
President and General Manager.
W. A. SPALDING, Vice-President.
C. C. ALLEN, Secretary.
ALBERT McFARLAND, Treasurer.

[For terms, etc., see the first page.]
NEWS SERVICE.—ONLY MORNING PUBLISHED IN LOS ANGELES.—PUBLISHED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE TELEGRAPHIC "WIRE" REPORT OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CORRESPONDENCE solicited. Timely local topics and news preferred. Be brief, clear and pointed. Anonymous communications rejected.

TELEPHONE.—Times-Mirror Building, 274. Business Office, No. 27; Editorial Room, No. 274. Times-Mirror Printing House, No. 453. THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY, 274.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

THE Northern Pacific is going to run a fast train from St. Paul to the Pacific coast in sixty hours.

THE Treasury Department has decided that bees are animals. Naturalists will be thankful for the information.

ALABAMA couldn't make an appropriation for the World's Fair, because its State Treasurers have stolen \$1,000,000 within a few years.

THE Prince of Wales's mamma has allowed him \$1,500,000 to pay off his pressing debts, but he is not to be allowed to handle any of the amount personally.

It now said that one reason for Baron Fava's recall, was that he lived at a \$1200-a-year rate on a \$21,000 salary, and failed to keep up the dignity of the kingdom.

THE Pennsylvania railroad authorities are preparing 1000 cars for the peach business, which does not look as if the crop in that section would be a failure this season.

THERE is a report that Guatemala will be divided into two republics. As it is, Guatemala is not so large as San Bernardino, San Diego and Los Angeles counties combined.

A CHICAGO paper pertinently remarks: Whatever operates to the serious injury of the World's Columbian Exposition will hurt Chicago far worse than it will the Exposition. This is commended to the serious consideration of all local boycotters.

ANOTHER fast Canadian Pacific steamship, the Empress of Japan, is on her way around the world. Unless Americans look out, British steamships will control the Pacific carrying trade.

THERE is hope yet for an agreement of the two races in the South. At Vicksburg, Miss., a jury of twelve white men has given a negro, ejected from a railroad train, a verdict of \$2000.

AN improvement which is being introduced in many eastern cities, might be tried in Los Angeles. This is the placing of mail-boxes in street cars to insure rapid collection. It would be a boon to people in the suburbs.

PRESIDENT POLK says the Farmers' Alliance will not support the Democratic candidate for President unless he favors the free coinage of silver. Cleveland will, in all probability, be the Democratic candidate, and he has declared against free silver.

SUPERINTENDENT OF CENSUS PORTER told an Examiner reporter that the census needs no defense. Regarding the California potato figures he said they were not included in truck farming because he considers that the potato belongs to the agricultural department.

IN spite of the immigration law passed by the recent Congress, the scum, the criminals, the brigands and the paupers of Europe continue to be vomited upon our shores to terrorize labor districts, fill our jails, and subvert good government. Immigration, just now, is largely composed of Hungarian brigands and Sicilian Mafia. It is evident that our present immigration laws are entirely ineffective.

BRITISH royalty is in trouble. A short time ago the Duke of Edinburgh played the fiddle at a public concert, and now Prince Francis of Teck, a relative of the Queen, has been traveling in England as a performer in an amateur dramatic company. These things are really shocking to aristocratic English eyes—much more so than the crimes of which British members of Parliament have recently been found guilty.

JOHN A. DILLON, for eight years managing editor of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, has assumed editorial control of the New York World. The World appears to have reached the apex of its wonderful growth. Its circulation is said to have fallen off lately. The trouble is that it went into the sensational business so deeply that the appetite of its readers constantly grew for such morbid mental pabulum and, as there was a limit to the possibilities in that direction, it was only a matter of time until the limit had to be reached.

CALIFORNIA winemakers are making another effort to introduce their vintages in the East and enlarge the market. A retail depot is to be opened in Chicago by a combination of about a dozen leading vintners. Choice California wines are beginning to make their way into public favor, but the price for new wines in bulk is very low, ranging at from 10 to 15 cents a gallon in the vineyard, at which price there is little profit for the makers. Winemaking is a science, and, besides, needs large capital. The only chance for small growers is to cooperate in the manufacture and storing of wine.

THE GENTLEMAN FROM MAINE.

The papers are again beginning to occupy themselves considerably with James G. Blaine and his connection with the next Presidential race. In the latest issue of Judge—in which Russell Harrison is interested—is a cartoon representing Blaine as a colored gentleman in front of a chicken coop marked, "Republican nomination 1892." Upon the door of the coop is a large padlock, in the form of Harrison's head, and Blaine is made to say that he don't care as much for chicken as he used to. This does not look as if the talked-of reconciliation or agreement between the President and Blaine was a fact.

Again, a Chicago paper has the following:

After a careful perusal of the New York Herald's displayed announcement of James G. Blaine as its candidate the average reader will be unable to decide whether it is a declaration of the Herald editor's preference for the campaign of 1892, or a paid advertisement of a certain brand of soap printed as reading matter.

In other leading papers may be seen, almost daily, reports and denials in regard to Mr. Blaine's candidacy. The history of the last campaign promises to be repeated, as far as Blaine is concerned, and the public kept in anguish up to the last moment as to whether or not he would consent to serve the people in the White House—if elected.

OUR NATIONAL CREDIT.

There has been quite a drain of American gold to Europe during the past few weeks and it is found to be going to replace large sums which Russia is steadily drawing from England and France. This has given rise to the supposition that Russia is preparing for an immediate war. Bleichroder, who shares the Rothschild's power on the continent of Europe, does not entertain this theory. He said last week to a reporter:

You can state with absolute certainty that for three years Russia will not think of war. I have received today positive information that she is upon the point of changing her armament, and it will take three years to do this. I do not fear war, at least from Russia. I look with more distrust upon the condition of the western powers.

Look at the London market. It is glutted with South American securities. Not one of those securities can meet its obligations and the consequence may be a great crash. North American securities and railroad bonds will not be affected except by the general feeling of distrust.

You can tell the Associated Press that Americans have no reason to feel nervous about gold being taken away. It will soon be back. Russia has to repay large loans, and that is the reason she is accumulating all the gold she can. By and by it must be paid out.

Herr Bleichroder added that neither he, the Rothschilds, nor any other bank would advance a cent to Russia until things are more secure there than they are now.

The tribute paid by this great banker to the stability of American securities is flattering to this country. United States securities now occupy first rank in the financial markets of the world. It is not likely that we shall ever have to go abroad to borrow, but in case we should, it is safe to say that we could get any amount we might ask for and at a reasonable rate.

SUNSTROKE OR LUNACY?

The San Diego Sun, with that inexpressible smallness and jealousy characteristic of it, complains of the attitude of THE TIMES toward the enterprise of harbor defenses for San Diego. The querulous tone of the lurid Sun is not justified by anything THE TIMES has said. Here is what it said at the close of its report of the opening of bids for military headquarters in that city on the 12th inst.:

It will be observed from the context of the act quoted above that it does not authorize the establishment of a military post at San Diego, but only directs the Secretary of War to cause an examination to be made, to give a particular description of the land required, to ascertain the cost of such land, and to report whether, in his opinion, the price asked is reasonable. It is fair to presume, however, that if a favorable report is made by the board, Congress will—perhaps at its next session—authorize the establishment of a military post and make provision for harbor defenses at San Diego.

The editor who would affect to find any jealousy or unfairness in the language above quoted must be closely allied by ties of blood and descent to a hopeless and irreclaimable ass, and must possess a soul ten thousand times as wicked as the rattle around in awful loneliness in a mustard seed.

ENEMIES OF THE ORCHARD.

It is but a few years, comparatively, since California horticulturists boasted of their freedom from insect pests. Since then, alas, there has been an unwelcome change. One after another a punishment in the shape of a bug has appeared to fit and climb each variety of fruit tree, until now few are exempt, although, as yet, the pests are not anything like so destructive and numerous as they are in the East. The latest enemy of the orchard to appear in California is a worm of the caterpillar type, many millions of which have appeared on prune trees in Santa Clara county. In some of the orchards many trees are said to look as though bird shot had riddled them, and the branches in places have been eaten entirely bare of leaves. No one has yet been able to identify the predaceous insect, and mild washes of poisonous liquid have had no effect upon it.

It will need thorough combination and hard work on the part of the horticulturists of the State to keep in subjection the insect pests which prey upon their trees. The successful result of the way upon the white scale should stimulate our orchardists to persistent efforts in the same direction against other insect foes.

THE May number of the Review of Reviews contains an interesting description of the Nicaragua canal project.

In the course of the article occurs the following strong endorsement of the enterprise:

"The great development of California and the Coast makes the Nicaragua canal, above all else, essentially a part of our coast line, and an avenue of our coasting trade. But it will also tend to enormously revive our trade with China and Japan, while it will increase many fold our traffic—not only from Atlantic ports, but also from New Orleans and Galveston—with the west coast of South America. Every consideration wise statesmanship points to American control of this great waterway."

The Chilean and United States warships have not yet come to blows. A dispatch from the City of Mexico states that the Charleston and Esmeralda are lying at anchor near the entrance to the harbor of Acapulco. From a remark dropped by an officer of the Esmeralda, it is believed that the Itata may have coaled at sea and be now far on her way toward Chile, leaving the warship Esmeralda behind to throw the Charleston off the scent. So far, it certainly appears that the insurgents have been successful in carrying out their plans from the beginning, the only hitch being the loss of the Robert and Minnie, which, however, was empty, and probably does not trouble them much, as long as they have the arms.

We appear to be only on the verge of the wonders of electricity. A company has been organized in Cleveland, Ohio, to transmit photographs by telegraph.

STATE AND COAST.

Fresno claims that raisins can be produced there for seven-tenths of the cost of production in Malaga.

Forty-two San Francisco school-teachers have made arrangements to camp this summer at Mill Valley, near Sausalito.

One olive oil establishment at National City has produced this season 1,200 gallons of oil which filled 6,000 pint and 3,000 quart bottles.

Before olives are ready to pick in October, about November next, Palermo, Butte county, will have a mill for crushing them and making oil.

Grass Valley fruit-growers are interested in forming a fruit union for the purpose of marketing their fruits, as has been successfully done by growers of other sections.

The fourth trial of Llewellyn A. Powell, the man who in cold blood killed Ralph S. Smith, editor of the Times-Gazette at Redwood City, more than two years ago, is now in progress at that place.

Ontario Record: A party of three Ontario gentlemen, Sunday struck the biggest single colt of honey that has ever come within our knowledge. It was in a big hollow tree near the Park Hotel at Cucamonga, and our informant says the lump was three feet long with a diameter of two feet. It is to be regretted that the huge comb could not be preserved intact.

ABOUT WOMEN.

Twenty-three States now admit women to practice at the bar. Statistics show, says a good authority, that more trained nurses marry than any other class of women workers.

There are 40,000 women studying in the various colleges of the country. And yet it is only twenty-five years since the first college in the land was opened to women.

Mrs. Nancy M. Johnson is the inventor of the first ice cream refrigerator in this country, says the Woman Inventor. Before her invention ice cream was made by a spoon constantly stirring up the cream.

Mrs. Bailey, wife of the editor of the Utica Observer, has recently devised and patented an arrangement to be attached to hospital beds, by means of which a patient is enabled to raise and lower himself without the assistance of a nurse.

A Columbus, O., miss of 16 was recently legally possessed of three names within the space of twelve hours. She started in the morning with Ryder; then in order to marry she required a guardian who would consent to the marriage, and a friend by the name of Osborn adopted her. After this the minister and lover stepped in and she became Mrs. Travenor.

A St. Petersburg lady of fashion has invented an improvement in her turn-out which, the local papers say, is likely to become popular with all the ladies of her rank. She has a mirror fastened to the girdle of her driver when she takes a drive. This enables her not only to see whether her headgear and dress are in perfect order, but even to notice the carriages and the people who are coming up behind her vehicle.

LITTLE ITEMS.

The many gifts to Yale last year exceeded \$1,500,000.

The pink eye is prevalent among the horses in Philadelphia.

An 80-year-old man of Williamsport, Pa., has fasted for forty-five days and still lives.

A fish has at last been caught in the Great Salt Lake, Utah, but it was less than two inches long.

It is stated that Robert Shaw of Brooklyn owns the old gun with which Israel Putnam shot the wolf.

Prof. Eisenweller, of Geissen, claims to have discovered the bacteria which produces baldness by destroying the roots of the hair.

The Caucasian is the great land shark of the world. Of the 11,000,000 square miles of Africa, only 2,500,000 remain in the hands of the native rulers.

Bishop Newman, preaching in Toronto last Sunday night, said that Queen Victoria was the noblest woman who had lived on earth since the days of the Virgin Mary.

The number of inhabitants of British India by the late census is 220,490,000, an increase of nearly 22,000,000 since 1881. The population of all India amounts to about 285,000,000.

Baby McKee's Break.

A telegram went out from this city on Saturday that caused a gleam of satisfaction to spread all over the Presidential face on the Pacific Coast. It was to the effect that Benjamin Harrison McKee, who had been left in charge of the Government while the rest of the family went swinging around the circle, had done pants.

In the exuberance of his delight the President straddled all over the building, calling upon everyone to take notice of his manly appearance.

All would have gone well had it not been for the fact that the youngster met the wife of a Cabinet minister in the east parlor, who had several young ladies with her. Young McKee called out to the lady in a loud voice: "Do you wear pants?"

There were blanches, a slight scream, and Baby McKee was hustled off to the conservatory.

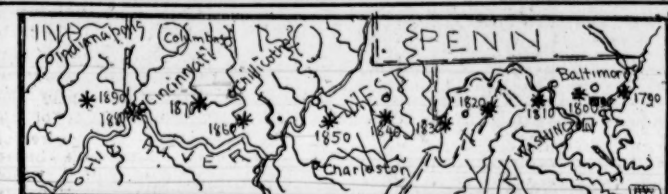
MARCH OF THE MASSES.

Marking the Center of Our Population.

HOW PEOPLE MOVE WESTWARD.

The Path of the Star of Empire—Where Will the Center Be Found Ten Years From Now?

At a point near Greensburg, Ind., there is now a massive stone monument, which was placed in its location a few days ago to mark the center of population of the United States, as shown by the last census. The Chicago Herald, realizing how momentous was the steady movement westward of the population, determined to mark the spot indicated by the statisticians, and after determining the exact point of



the crossing of the longitude and latitude lines, placed thereon a shaft of Bedford stone. It was unfortunate that the exact spot determined was at a distance from any town. It was unfortunate that an exodus from New England, or a plethora of citizens at Galveston moved the center ten miles from Greensburg; but the eternal truth of history—not civic pride—must be considered; and the monument is ten miles from town. The most careful calculations place that crossing of longitude and latitude lines in Sand Creek township, Decatur county. The newspaper proprietors have secured a perpetual right to the site, which is geographically described as 35° 32' and 53" west longitude, and 39° 11' and 56" north latitude. The formal unveiling of the monument was made a festive occasion and thousands of people were present to assist in the ceremony.



Once every ten years all the people are counted. Our fathers began the American national life but a little over a century ago, and they began it right. As soon as the war cloud of the revolution had rolled away, as soon as the tides of armed combat had ebbed into the placid sea of peace—just as Moses selected "the first day of the second month in the second year after they were come out of the land of Egypt"—just so the people of the United States were counted. It is doubtful if the colonies contained 3,000,000 of people. Certain it is the first census, that provided for in 1790 and taken in 1790, showed only 3,924,214. The center of population at the time of that count was about twenty-three miles east of Baltimore, and the most sanguine man alive could not have dreamed what the coming century held in store. The infant Nation was blindly creeping in a garden, and all the world outside was distant as the

years. Iron enough to girdle the earth, gold enough to gild it, and a river of silver that mocked the poor poverty of Solomon's mines.

In these swift hundred years we have made history the like of which was never known before, and we have passed from time to time and marked the spot where a Nation rested. As the center of population back there at the beginning was almost in hearing of the Atlantic's billows, its westward march has told better than any other means can tell what causes have really influenced, what progress has been made. The eleven successive centers of population tell a story that cannot be denied. It is a mountain of truth that cannot be explained away. It makes no apology, commits itself to no pledges, but stands as an immutable and unchangeable fact. Here stood the Nation at such a time!

The center of population, quoting from Henry Gannett in Superintendent Fort census bulletin, is the center of gravity of the population of the country, each individual being assumed to have the same weight. The method of determining that center is as follows: The population of the country was

first distributed by "square degrees," as the area included between consecutive parallels and meridians has been designated. A point was then assumed tentatively as the center, and the correction in latitude and longitude to this tentative position were computed. In this case the center was assumed to be at the intersection of the parallel of 39° with the meridian of 86 deg. west of Greenwich. This would have made the center of population of the United States just two miles due north of Seymour, in Jackson county, Ind. From this assumed base the verifications were made, resulting finally in the location of the true center of population in 1890. The population of each square was assumed to be located at the center of that square degree, except in cases where it was manifest that this square would be untrue, as where a part of the square degree was occupied by the sea or other large body of water, or where it contained a city of considerable magnitude which was situated "off center."

In these cases the position of the center of population of that square degree was estimated as nearly as possible. The distance of each such center of population of a square degree—whether assumed to be at the center of the square degree or a distance from the center—from the assumed parallel and from the assumed meridian was then computed. The population of each square degree was then multiplied by the distance from the assumed parallel of latitude, and the sum of the products, or minutes, north and south of that parallel, made up. Their difference, divided by the total population of the country, gave a correction to the latitude. In a similar manner the east and west minutes were made up, and from them a correction in longitude was obtained.

Joseph F. Dye—A Blunder Corrected. LOS ANGELES, May 17.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] In your issue of yesterday occurs the following:

"It is not generally known," remarked a news agent to a Times man yesterday, "in this city that a brother of Dye's was hung for murder in Sacramento some years ago for killing old man Tullis, the Public Administrator. I don't remember the circumstances, but the papers were full of it at the time."

"Troy Dye was at the head of a gang of hard cases, and they took it upon themselves to kill off a number of old Californians who had displeased them in some way. I don't know the cause of the feud, but I probably grew out of the numerous rows in San Francisco, way back in the 'fifties. At any rate, Dye's band made their headquarters on an island in the Sacramento River, and they were there for a long time."

"Old man Tullis was on the list and when he was murdered by Dye the people rose up and demanded that the law be protected. He was arrested, convicted and hanged, as I remember the story."

There are several old-timers in the city who are said to know the story but they could not be found.

The news agent referred to is a genius. There will never be a shortage in news when he is about. His story is slightly (?) defective. Troy Dye was not related in any way to Joseph F. Dye. They were not even acquainted. Troy Dye did not kill the Public Administrator and killed Tullis on an island in the Sacramento River in the 'fifties' nor any feud at all. Tullis was slain that his assailant might make commissions on the estate; nor did Troy's band make "their headquarters" on an island in the Sacramento River. There was no band in existence, and the Public Administrator had his office in the capital city, where he was usually on duty. Troy Dye was not only a murderer, but also a coward; because he struck the fatal blow without a moment's warning. In no way did he resemble Joe Dye, who never fired a shot except at a man with a gun in his hand. The fable of the jackass and the dead lion is very appropriate at this time.

STRAIGHT GOODS.

J. S. Clarkson. LOS ANGELES, May 17.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] An item in your issue of Sunday says: J. S. Clarkson is just 46 years old, and began his career in life as a compositor on the Iowa State Register. Mr. Clarkson is 52, and was an army correspondent for the New York Herald, his father's family living on a large farm in Grundy county, Iowa, to which place they removed from Indiana several years before the War of the Rebellion. After the close of the war Mr. Clarkson—"Ret." as he was then familiarly known—came to Des Moines and went to work on the Register, of which Hon. Frank W. Palmer was the proprietor, for a time continuing his correspondence with the New York Herald.

Republicanism to suit the publishers, who gave the smart young writer his congenial "alley chums" in the Register composing room for many months. Clarkson meanwhile contributing to the local columns of the paper, and eventually succeeding to the position of city editor, after J. M. Dixon became blind. From that position he rose to the editorial chair when Mr. Palmer was elected to Congress, and eventually, with his father and brother Richard, purchased the establishment. W. G.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Chauncey M. Depew, M. H. de Young and Henry Clews

SHOW HOW TO RUN THE FAIR.

The Necessity of State Appropriations and Accessible Grounds—The Financial Prospects—Foreign Interest.

NEW YORK, May 12.—[Special Correspondence of THE TIMES.] How to make the World's Fair at Chicago a success, is a question that has engrossed the attention of many of the ablest minds of the country for the past six months, writes Chauncey M. Depew. It is easy in a broad generalization to say that it depends upon management and location. If it be granted that the management is able and experienced, then location is the first consideration.

To permit politics to appear anywhere in the management of a fair of this character would be fatal to the enterprise. The exhibition will be nothing if not universal, and if it incurs rightly the hostility of either Republican or Democratic States it will be a one-sided and very tame affair. The exhibition will not be national unless all of the States are appropriately represented. The States cannot be present in an attractive way without the assistance of large appropriations by their respective Legislatures.

If the exhibition was political in its composition, administration, patronage and appointment, the absence of commonwealths controlled by the party in opposition to the fair would make the celebration meaningless and absurd.

I believe that the domestic character of the exposition will be its predominant feature. It will be the best representation of the progress of the country in the arts, inventions and manufactures; in the development of its mines and agriculture; in the expansion of its educational facilities, in all that relates to religious and moral development, and in everything which displays the increase in comfort, better living, more vigorous health and greater happiness of the people; which it is possible to concentrate, and which has ever been gathered.

The foreign exhibit will undoubtedly be fine, but distance and expense will prevent European nations being represented with anything like the fullness and richness that they were at Paris in 1889.

M. H. de Young says that in his opinion there is no question about the success of the World's Fair.

From my intimate knowledge of the forthcoming exposition, says he, and my experience at the Paris Exposition of 1889, which up to that time was the most successful one that the world had ever witnessed, convinces me that this exposition will excel it in every particular. First of all, the main buildings of the exposition will be larger. The aggregate frontage will be increased in area nearly two miles; there will not be less than 200 buildings on the ground, and then a wonderful layout of canals, mountains and basins which mingle and pass through and around all of the main buildings on the ground, giving a waterway of nearly six miles, on which will be placed thousands of boats, showing the peculiarity of all the nations of the globe, such as gondolas, Indian canoes, whale boats, life boats, all of which will be manned by men, who, for a consideration, will carry visitors by water, from one building to another. Financially the exposition starts out with each hand of 40 per cent. more than the total expenditures of the Paris Exposition.

Banker Henry Clews says that the fair to be successful must be a national undertaking throughout, otherwise it is very apt to drop into a sectional matter and be too much of a Chicago mutual admiration case. The fair will be most fatal to the World's Fair. Representatives judiciously selected from all States should be selected by the management and should be put on an equal footing of importance with those of the State of Illinois. The number of these representatives from each State should be determined by the number of inhabitants the same as governs the election of State Senators—these positions to be entirely honorary.

Of course it is all important to enlist all foreign nations, and every inducement possible should be made to enlist their interest therein so as to make it, as was originally intended, the World's Fair. So far it is possible, the National and State governments should contribute their support, and impart thereby as much prestige and aid as it is possible to give to it. All the various States should vie with each other in the ambition to make it a proud American success. It is especially important to make the fair financially successful as well as otherwise. Nothing will contribute so much to produce general success as success financially; that covers the whole ground and beakens success in all departments.

TARIFF PICTURES.

[From the New York Press.] The production of pig iron during the last decade has trebled. The domestic article is rapidly pushing the foreign article out of the home market.

Consumption of pig iron, domestic product—

1887, 6,417,148 tons.
1890, 9,202,703 tons.
Consumption of imported pig iron—
1887, 497,522 tons.
1890, 134,935 tons.

"Ice! Ice! Ice!"—Order your ice today from the Citizens' Ice Co. Telephone to No. 606 or address a postal card to CITIZENS' ICE CO., Center and Turner st.

"Patronize Home Industry and order your ice delivered by the Citizens' Ice Co., the largest institution of the kind in the city. Telephone to No. 606 or drop a postal card to CITIZENS' ICE CO., Center and Turner st.

"Indies! If you have any spots on your dresses or anything to be cleaned by the new dry process, before spoiling it yourself, call at E. Leste, 320 W. Second.

"The Fine Collection of Oil Paintings, Engravings and Japanese Art Goods at the New Art Gallery, 215 S. Broadway. Potomac Block, will be sacrificed at public auction on Wednesday, May 22nd, 8:00 worth of oil paintings given away. Tickets for the drawing free. Call and get one.

"Ten Dollars Reward.—In consequence of the many complaints of the theft of THE TIMES from its subscribers in this city, we will pay for the next sixty days a reward of \$10 for the arrest and conviction of any of the offenders.

HE WORE HIS BOOTS.

Why the Czarevitch Was Attacked.

The Japanese Thought He Had Profaned Their Temple.

The Wound Only a Trifling Affair and Speedily Healed.

Other Foreign News—Villages in Armenia Destroyed by a Volcano—Frenchmen Tired of the Tariff.

By Telegram to The Times.

PARIS, May 17.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The French embassy at Tokio has telegraphed official details of the attack upon the Czarevitch. From these it appears that the Czarevitch's assailant was a policeman named Thunda. The Czarevitch and suite were leaving Otsu in the morning, having just visited the Buddhist temple. Both the Czarevitch and Prince George went to the shrine with their boots on, and Chief Bonze on their retiring, complained to the Japanese guards about this offense against the national religion. The prince was entering the shrine when Thunda, who was standing guard, dealt the Czarevitch a blow with his sword. Prince George returned the blow with his stick and threw Thunda several feet. The policeman rose and made a rush at the Czarevitch. A Japanese closed the front of the carriage and another Japanese wrested the sword from Thunda and cut him down, inflicting a severe wound. Chief Bonze with several guards arrested the man. The Czarevitch's injury has already healed.

AN ARMENIAN VOLCANO.

It Destroys Villages and Makes Many People Homeless.

PARIS, May 17.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The *Dix-Neuvieme Siecle* states that commercial advisers have been received at Marseilles from Trebezon to the effect that a new volcano has appeared in Armenia at the summit of Mount Nimrod in the district of Van, vomiting forth flames and lava. Villages at the base of the mountain were destroyed and many persons are said to have been killed or injured. The fugitives camping outside the range of destruction are almost entirely destitute. The greatest misery prevails among them.

NOTES FROM ABROAD.

French Lawmakers Weary of the Tariff Debate.

PARIS, May 17.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Although the deputies have debated the tariff for a fortnight the measure practically has not advanced a step. The house is tired of the whole business before the real business part of the discussion—the articles of tariff—has begun. In spite of the appeals of free traders a reduction of the government's proposals is out of the question.

THE FRENCH OAKS.

PARIS, May 17.—The race for the French Oaks took place today and was won by Michael Ephrussi's chestnut filly Primrose, by Felter, out of La Papillon.

DUEL AT ROME.

ROME, May 17.—A duel, growing out of a dispute originating in the stormy debate in the deputies on Monday, was fought today. The principals were Signor Barsanti, member of the Chamber of Deputies who was wounded during the labor riots, and Capt. Bozz. The former received wounds in the arm and head as a result of the duel.

A CHILEAN EMISSARY.

PARIS, May 17.—The Chilean Senator, Señor Matte, who is here as a delegate of the Congressional party, has been received by the under secretary of the Foreign Office, but not by Minister Ribot. He has also called upon a number of diplomats, but nowhere has he been recognized officially.

NEWSPAPER WAR TALK.

PARIS, May 17.—The *Republique Francaise* has a warlike article on "England in Egypt." It contends that the French government ought to resent English propositions to destroy what is left of French influence in Egypt, and says the Chamber of Deputies and country are willing to grant whatever may be necessary to vindicate the rights of France.

ENGLISH PERSONAL NOTES.

LONDON, May 17.—Gladstone is now well enough to be out of bed, but he is not permitted to go out of doors. The Duchess of Fife gave birth to a daughter this morning at the duke's residence. The Princess of Wales, mother of the duchess, was present. Mother and child are doing well.

A LATE SNOWSTORM.

PARIS, May 17.—A snowstorm prevailed today at Belfort and Nancy. The mountains of Alsace are covered with snow.

TRAINMEN'S TROUBLES.

Switchmen and Other Railroaders Scabbling Among Themselves. CHICAGO, May 17.—[By the Associated Press.] By refusing to call out trainmen on the Northwestern road, the supreme council of the united orders appears to have possibly opened the way to the ultimate disruption of the federation. The council's action was severely condemned at a meeting of the switchmen's leaders held today. It was at a session of the Grand Lodge of switchmen, and the members discussed the proceedings of the council at length.

At one time the lodge determined to withdraw from the federation, but eventually it was decided to let matters rest as they are at present, trusting to time and opportunity to bring about an improved condition of things. Grand Master Sweeney of the Switchmen's Association, said that the switchmen had been victims of a diabolical conspiracy. "The trainmen and firemen by the connivance of their officials," said he, "conspired with the Northwestern Railroad to drive out the switchmen, and they did so temporarily. We shall bide our time, however, and pay them back with interest before we get through with them." The Chicago Switchmen's Union was busy tonight debating whether or not to apply tomorrow to be taken back. It was finally decided that all should apply for work tomorrow. About 10 per cent. of the men will probably be reinstated.

LOST THEIR WAY.

Two Children Wander far from Home—One Perishes.

OMAHA (Neb.), May 17.—[By the Associated Press.] For a week the entire male population of Thedford, Thomas county, has been engaged in a search for two little girls of John Hammond, who were lost in the sand hills surrounding the town last Sunday. The children—one 8 years old and the other 6—went to visit their sister, who lives six miles north of Thedford, and about 5 o'clock they started home. They had to go several miles, and the road was through the sand hills. The children lost their way in gathering flowers. The parents and neighbors searched the hills that night, and on Monday a general alarm was given. On Thursday at noon the youngest child was found where she had fallen, completely exhausted and half covered with sand, fifteen miles from the point where the children left the road. The little one was unconscious. She was soon restored, however, and said her sister went home. The search went on and continued until this afternoon when the dead body of the older child was found ten miles north of Dunning, Blaine county, fully seventy-five miles from the place where the children lost their way.

The "Elks" Rest.

LOUISVILLE, May 17.—The sixth annual reunion of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks began here tonight. This afternoon at Cave Hill Cemetery in the presence of 10,000 people the "Elks' Rest" was dedicated. Grand Esquire W. C. Dudley of San Francisco unveiled the monument, which consists of a bronze elk twelve feet high upon a base four feet high.

THE MUSKEGON FIRE.

CARING FOR THE MANY HOMELESS FAMILIES.

A Relief Fund Started—No Lives Were Lost, But Several Firemen Were Badly Burned By Explosions.

By Telegram to The Times.

MUSKEGON (Wis.), May 17.—[By the Associated Press.] The firemen continued to battle with the flames till daylight, when the fire was practically extinguished. Men, women and children continue to search in the neighborhood of their recent homes for what might have escaped fire and water. People whose homes were saved welcomed rich and poor alike, providing quarters until others could be secured. There was hearty sympathy on every hand and nearly all the homeless were provided with shelter. In a few cases homeless people slept out of doors in tents. As yet there is no general movement looking to raising funds for the distressed, but that will be done tomorrow as soon as the excitement subsides somewhat.

The most costly building burned was the stone Courthouse. It was valued at \$50,000. The large vaults, containing all important documents, are supposed to have stood the ordeal.

The Daily Chronicle has started a relief fund for the destitute, and sums forwarded to that paper will be acknowledged and turned over to the relief committee to be expended among the destitute. One thing over which all people rejoice, is that no human lives were lost. A large number of horses, cattle, etc., which were in barns, could not be saved. Several explosions occurred in the burning buildings, but no one was injured, although several firemen had their hands and faces so seriously scorched that they had to be removed.

It is impossible as yet to give any accurate figure on losses and insurance. The total loss, insurance men say, will easily be \$500,000 and insurance, \$300,000.

GRAND RAPIDS (Mich.), May 17.—The Democratic Muskegon special says: Fully fifteen hundred people have been rendered homeless by yesterday's fire. The loss is estimated at \$750,000, with only one-third insurance. Many of those burned out were poor people, who lost their all. The section burned is about three-fourths of a mile long and two blocks wide and contained twenty blocks.

On the Diamond.

SACRAMENTO, May 17.—The Sacramentos were not in the game today with the San Francisco. Score: San Francisco 8, Sacramento 0.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—San José and Oakland played two games today. In the morning game at Oakland San José shut the Colonels out by a score of 2 to 0.

In the afternoon game here Oakland went to pieces, and was badly beaten. Score: San José 14, Oakland 4.

ST. PAUL, May 17.—St. Paul 10, Omaha 13.

MILWAUKEE, May 17.—Milwaukee 11, Denver 4.

SIoux CITY, May 17.—Sioux City 13, Lincoln 15.

Bnai Brith Convention.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The delegates to the convention of Bnai Brith were called to order by President Wolfstein this morning. The business transacted today included the annual address of the president, reception of officers, and annual report of the board of endowments. Committees were also appointed for the ensuing year.

Blaine Improving.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Secretary Blaine is improving. His gout is less troublesome, and his general condition is such as to give rise to hopes of his leaving the city this week. He left his bed in the afternoon and reclined on a lounge reading the papers.

Several Persons Drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—Mrs. Susan Pascoe and her infant son and Miss Mary Carr were lost this afternoon by the upsetting of a sailboat on the Schuylkill.

Many Poisoned.

PITTSBURGH, May 17.—About fifty additional cases of poisoning are reported from Sharpsburg, caused by eating smoked sturgeon.

A SCANDAL RECALLED

Hammond Says He Suffers for Others' Sins.

A Blaze at Seattle, Which Came Near Being a Conflagration.

The City Only Saved by Quick Work of the Fire Department.

A Five-round Pugilistic Mill near Modesto—An Aeronaut Gets a Fall Which Results Fatally.

By Telegram to The Times.

SEATTLE (Wash.), May 17.—[By the Associated Press.] Charles R. Hammond of Cleveland street (London) notoriety, who is in jail here serving a term of two years for grand larceny, wrote a letter today which, if the facts are as set forth by him, indicates that he is innocent and that the charge of grand larceny was trumped up by English detectives to get him out of the way in order to prevent disclosures of the doings at Hammond's house in London. Hammond wrote the letter to Berek, who is serving a sentence in the penitentiary, but it was intercepted by the jail officials. Berek told another prisoner while in jail at Snohomish that he committed the larceny for which Hammond was convicted. In his letter, Hammond makes an earnest appeal to Berek to speak out and reveal such facts concerning the case as he is in possession of.

FIVE ROUNDS.

A Little Prize Fight Takes Place Near Modesto.

MODESTO, May 17.—[By the Associated Press.] A prize fight took place at Salida, six miles north of Modesto, this afternoon, between Hank Englehart of Modesto and James Callens late of San Francisco, for a purse of \$200. Over a hundred persons were present. Both men came up in good condition.

Callens soon showed that he was not good winded, but he fought valiantly till the fifth round, when he was knocked down twice. The first time he got up in time to save the match, but the second time he could not get up and the referee declared Englehart the winner. Callens weighs 160 pounds and Englehart 174.

A BLAZE AT SEATTLE.

The City Narrowly Escapes Another Conflagration.

SEATTLE (Wash.), May 17.—[By the Associated Press.] Fire broke out in the San Francisco saloon at 12 o'clock, and spread to two hotels, the Astor and St. Elmo houses, adjoining. All three being frame buildings, they were totally gutted. The loss will reach \$23,000.

For a time it was thought all that section of town where it is thickly built and adjoining many frame buildings and the largest warehouses in the city, were doomed, but the entire department turned out and in twenty minutes had the fire under control.

An Aeronaut Killed.

SPOKANE FALLS (Wash.), May 17.—"Prof." W. T. Rountree, an amateur aeronaut, attempted to make an ascension this evening after the ball game. The balloon struck a post at the corner of a building, knocking Rountree out of the parachute. He fell to the ground sustaining injuries from which he soon died.

THE CLEARING HOUSE.

A Comparison with Last Year for the Principal Centers.

BOSTON, May 16.—[By the Associated Press.] The clearing-house statement for the past week, with the per cent. of increase and decrease over the same period last year, is as follows:

City.	Amount.	Per cent.	Per cent.
New York	\$73,240,000	22.5	inc.
Boston	94,383,000	25.0	inc.
Chicago	92,925,000	4.3	inc.
Philadelphia	69,300,000	14.8	inc.
St. Louis	21,485,000	9.6	inc.
San Francisco	18,850,000	0.4	dec.
Baltimore	12,977,000	17.8	inc.
New Orleans	9,121,000	6.1	inc.
Cincinnati	13,249,000	4.0	inc.
Pittsburgh	12,459,000	12.0	inc.
Minneapolis	6,642,000
Galveston	4,205,000	309.7	inc.
Omaha	4,157,000	28.5	inc.
Denver	4,882,000	6.1	inc.
St. Paul	4,481,000
Portland (Or.)	1,700,000	19.7	inc.
Salt Lake	1,317,000	0.7	inc.
Seattle	1,907,570	14.3	inc.
Tacoma	974,781
Los Angeles	696,263	9.3	inc.

Total for principal cities of the United States and Canada, \$1,198,082,700. Decrease 17 per cent. as compared with the corresponding week last year.

Murder in a Tramp's Den.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—In a tramp's lodging-house, in a quarrel over a trifling matter at a late hour tonight, an employé named McCaully nearly severed with a pocket knife the head of Louis Dolan, a tramp, from his shoulders. McCaully would undoubtedly have been lynched by the other tramps in the building but for the prompt arrival of police.

Husband and Wife Killed.

SAN ANTONIO, May 17.—John D. Morrison, a lawyer well-known all over Southwest Texas, killed his wife and himself, at their residence, today. It is believed the wife was killed accidentally while trying to thwart her husband's efforts upon himself.

A Defaulting Duke.

LOUISVILLE, May 17.—Duke Alphonse de Thierly of France, for five years past the bookkeeper of the Conrad Tanning Company, has left this city several thousand dollars short with the tanning company.

More Frosts in the East.

CLEVELAND, May 17.—Dispatches from towns in northern Ohio report a pretty general frost last night, which did considerable damage to vegetables and fruits.

REMOVAL!

THE HOTEL DEL CORONADO
AGENCY AND
INFORMATION BUREAU

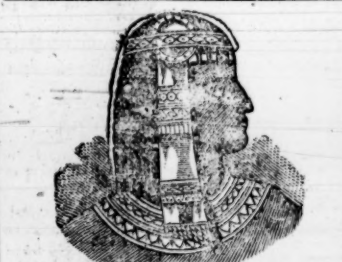
HAS REMOVED TO

NEW QUARTERS,
208 W. First Street,

IN HOTEL NADEAU BUILDING.

NO VISITOR to Southern California should fail to visit this, the most magnificent Hotel in America.

T. D. YEOMANS, Agent.



AINAXAB

THE CELEBRATED
EGYPTIAN ELIXIR
FOR THE SKIN.

The immense sale of this well-known and limited Elixir is itself the proof of its intrinsic worth. Its great value consists not merely in giving to the skin a brilliant and healthy appearance, but in the genuine and permanent tone, vigor and bloom which nothing but perfect health of the tissues can impart. This remarkable preparation has proven a boon to thousands afflicted with diseases of the skin. Exceedingly pleasant, cooling and effective in its action, so much so that it can be safely used on the skin of a babe just born. It will also cure the most inveterate diseases, such as salt rheum, eczema, itch, poison oak, erysipelas, dandruff, diseases of the scalp and blood poison. No one who has once used it will ever be without it. It will make the roughest skin smooth, soft, and velvety. It is guaranteed to be perfectly harmless, containing neither mercury, lead, or other corrosive poisons. In fact the Ainaxab has been so long and thoroughly tested that it is not necessary to say more.

For sale by all Druggists. PRICE, \$1.00
AINAXAB MANUFACTURING CO.,
San Francisco, Cal.

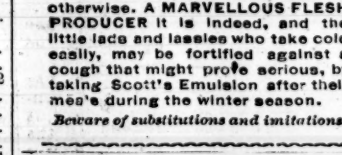


Children
always
Enjoy It.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda is almost as palatable as milk. Children enjoy it rather than otherwise. A MARVELOUS CURE PRODUCER IT IS INDICATED, and the little lads and lassies who take cold easily, may be fortified against a cough that might prove serious, by taking Scott's Emulsion after their meals during the winter season. Beware of substitutions and imitations.

Health is Wealth.



DR. H. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Neuritis, Nervous Prostration, Headache, Nervous Depression, Waking Fancies, Mental Depression, Sudden loss of the brain, resulting in brain and leading to insanity, day and night, remains old age. Harshness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotence, Losses and Seminal Emissions, caused by over-exercising of the brain, self-abuse, or over-indulgence. Each box contains one dollar's treatment. \$1.00 a box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by H. M. SALE & SON, Druggists, 220 S. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

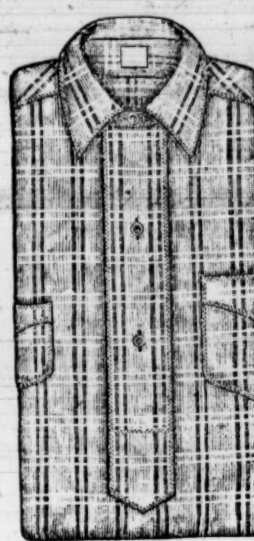
432 ASSORTED TRUSSES And a large consignment of Pure Drugs and Chemicals just received. We are now prepared to sell you a finely fitting Truss, and also, if necessary, put up your prescription, from the very best of drugs at New York prices. Remember the place!

OWL DRUG STORE, 30 N. MAIN ST. WM. H. JUENGER.

FASHION LIVERY & BOARDING STABLES, 210 E. FIRST ST. Horses bought and sold. Money advanced on Horses and Carriages. C. D. NEWTON, Proprietor. Telephone 751.

DR. WONG HIM, THE first Chinese physician to practice his profession in this city was Dr. Wong Him. He has practiced here for sixteen (16) years, and his cures and successful treatment of complicated diseases is proof of his ability. He belongs to the sixth generation of doctors in his family. A trial will convince you. OFFICE: 639 1/2 Spruce Main St. P. O. box 564, Station C, Los Angeles, Cal.

TO THE PUBLIC: Dr. Wong Him, 639 1/2 Spruce Main St., has cured many of the typhoid fever in the short time of one week, and has left his patients well, and also has cured one of our most prominent physicians. After suffering for a long time with the above gentleman (Dr. Wong Him), who has left me entirely well, and now I feel my duty to my fellow men, I wish to recommend him to the public as an efficient and skillful physician. MRS. CARRIE PERKINS and MRS. D. C. PERKINS, 555 Colorado St., Los Angeles, Cal. February 21, 1891.



SUMMER SHIRTS

We Show
THE LARGEST LINES IN
SUMMER SHIRTS
Ever Exhibited.

OUR grade of goods can never be found on a

"JOB-LOT" Counter. They are too well known to be imitated. Our prices are far below others.

OUR HATS

STILL continue in popular favor. Why not? We have the latest styles, most popular shapes, and lowest prices. CALL AND SEE US.

Siegel & Hatter
LOS ANGELES, CAL.
UNDER NADEAU HOTEL

OIL WELL SUPPLIES

BOILERS, ENGINES,
DRILLING ROPES,
PIPE, Etc., Etc.

EASTERN MADE DRILLING TOOLS!
The only Establishment on the Pacific Coast that can furnish everything connected with Drilling or Pumping Oil Wells.

SANTA PAULA HARDWARE COMPANY,
Santa Paula, Ventura County, Cal.

RECOMMENDATIONS

GIVEN TO—
DR. WOH,
The Celebrated Chinese Physician.



For many years I have been troubled with lung disease which finally ended in asthma and consumption. I consulted with the best physicians I could find but the did me no benefit, but on the contrary I got worse and worse, until I was told by one of them I could not recover. Dr. WOH took me in this condition. He has in two months time entirely cured me. I most cordially recommend him to all sufferers. MRS. F. WESSLE, 325 Boyd St., Los Angeles, Cal. May 1st, 1891.

For eight months past my wife was a great sufferer from female troubles. For days at a time her pain was so severe that no rest could be obtained or sleep at night. Unwillingly I forced her to visit Dr. WOH, the Chinese physician. The doctor undertook to cure her and now with grateful hearts we confess to a complete recovery in her case. J. E. BURDICK, 325 Boyd St., Los Angeles, Cal. February 6th, 1891.

For quite a number of years I have been a great sufferer and paid out large sums of money for doctor and medicines. My disease was claimed by some to be Bright's disease, others said it was gravel, but I could not find relief. I got worse and worse until my life was despaired of. The treatment and operations to which I submitted were veritable. Finally at the request of a friend who had been cured by Dr. WOH I consented to submit my case to his hands. The doctor Dr. WOH has thousands of similar testimonials but space alone prevents further publication of them here.

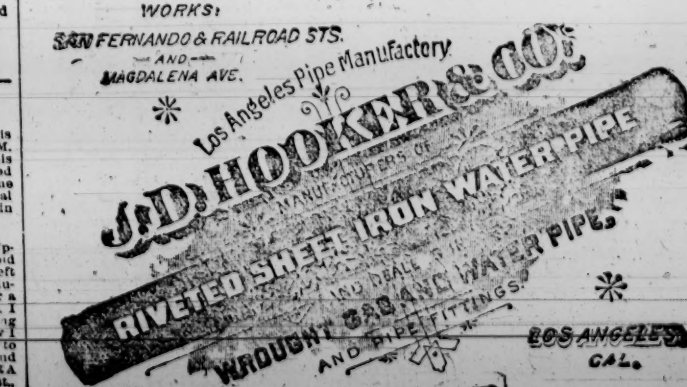
The remedies are purely herbs and roots which Dr. WOH has familiarized himself thoroughly with by a long practice in the Imperial hospital of China. Dr. WOH is the oldest and best-known Chinese physician in Southern California, and has cured a large number of remarkable cases, especially in female troubles, tumors, etc. All diseases are treated by and through the pulse. Free consultation to every one and all are cordially invited to call upon Dr. WOH at his office.

227 SOUTH MAIN ST.,
Between Second and Third sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

The Coronado Foundry and Machine Company would like to make it generally known that they will furnish estimates on any and all kinds of Iron Work, Architectural Iron Work, Mill, Mining, Pumping and Drilling Work on a very reasonable basis. Engines, Boilers and Tanks. Correspondence solicited. Address: CORONADO FOUNDRY AND MACHINE CO., Coronado, San Diego Co., Cal. A. VANDERKLOOT, President. M. R. VANDERKLOOT, Gen. Manager.

WORKS: SAN FERNANDO & RAILROAD STS. AND MAGDALENA AVE.



Los Angeles Pipe Manufactory
JED HOOKER & CO.
RIVER SIDE IRON WATER PIPE
WROUGHT IRON WATER PIPE
AND SHEET PIPES
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

PASADENA.

Office: No. 261-2 E. Colorado Street.

STAY WHERE YOU ARE.

Judge Magee's Advice to Pasadenians.

NOT MUCH USE FOR OREGON.

A Great Future Predicted for This Country—How a Bet Was Paid—San Gabriel Notes—Personal and Brevities.

Judge H. W. Magee, president of the San Gabriel Valley Bank, recently returned from a trip to Oregon, where some business matters occupied his attention for several weeks. As that State has attracted considerable attention of late as an alleged desirable country to live in, and the region of all others in which to make money, The Times reporter called upon Judge Magee to obtain from him the relative advantages of Oregon and Southern California, as viewed from the above standpoints. Judge Magee's opinion, as moulded from personal observation, cannot but prove of interest to all, especially to such Pasadenians, if any there be, who are discontented here and who long to emigrate to the great northwest.

In reply to the questions put him Judge Magee said: "Oregon is a big State, but in all its wide stretch of territory there are only 300,000 people, but about as many residents as the city of San Francisco has. Of this number Portland has 60,000, leaving 240,000 for the rest of the State. This means that the country is sparsely settled. Where the land is a trifle more fertile than usual and the climate a trifle above the ordinary standard of respectability, there the settlers congregate, but in some sections of the State one may travel a long distance without seeing a house.

"It is hard to find anything about the climate to commend. In the interior the summers are very hot. In the winter the rainfall is excessive all over the State, the average annual precipitation ranging from fifty to sixty inches. At Portland snowstorms are of frequent occurrence, and every few years the river freezes over. A climate like this is not only unpleasant, but unhealthy, and as a result you will find a superabundance of malaria wherever you go.

"Oregon is not the place for a young man to enter upon a business career. The chief and practically the only industry of importance is the timber trade, and to make any headway in this direction requires plenty of capital. If a person wishes to speculate there are far better opportunities offered today for successful speculation in Pasadena and Los Angeles than in any part of Oregon, for the reason that land is extravagantly high there, while here it may be purchased at a reasonable consideration. If a man wishes to make money by buckling down to steady work, let him plant a fruit orchard here and he will make a larger profit in bringing it to a productive state than he can by investing an equal amount of capital anywhere in Oregon. Farmers in Oregon have a hard time making ends meet. An old fellow up there told me he had been farming for twenty-five years and had hard work to make a comfortable living. Here we have the richest, most productive farming land the country can produce.

"In view of these facts I would advise no one to go to Oregon to live. We have right here about us the grandest country under the sun, viewed either from a climatic, picturesque or productive standpoint, and the person who leaves it to live elsewhere will rue the day he did so. In this connection I would like to emphasize the fact that no good, solid resident has ever left here to remain away permanently. I know Mr. Conrad closed out his business here not very long ago and went to Oregon to live; and I know also that Mr. Conrad has since returned to Pasadena, and has gone into business again at the old stand. When in Portland I met a Mr. Bremner, who is clerking there. His health has already felt the effects of the climate and he contemplates an early return here. These are but instances.

"I am fully convinced that Southern California, and particularly the San Gabriel Valley, which is the gem of it all, has a wonderful bright future, and the people will not wait long to see it. Indeed, it has already begun. In Pasadena the outlook was never more promising, as is evidenced by the way property is selling and houses are building and people are coming here to live. New industries are springing up about us, capital is being freely invested, and projects are in progress whose execution will necessitate a vast outlay of money. We are practically a suburb of the metropolis of Southern California, and will feel the effects of that city's rapid growth and progress. It would be unwise for any Pasadenian to go elsewhere to live, for pretty soon every person who can get here will come this way to take up his abode."

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Nowhere during his trip was President Harrison happier in his oratory than in California, and his admirers here naturally point with pride to the dignity and chaste expression of his utterances. But none of the President's speeches touched, in point of directness and simplicity, the following notice posted about the streets of Santa Barbara during his visit there:

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The President of the United States requests that no flowers shall be thrown at his person. Therefore we earnestly ask that no one shall throw flowers at President Harrison, instead of which throw them in his pathway. By order of the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

It is well for young men to heed Horace Greeley's advice, to "Go West." It is well for them also to heed Judge Magee's advice and stay in Pasadena when they get West.

Compare Oregon's attractions and advantages with those of Southern California, and then decide where is the better place to live.

There is a great future in store for Mr. Painter's motor car.

He Paid the Bet.

A party of well-known citizens and their wives have for some time past met at stated intervals at their different places of residence and passed the evening at whist. W. T. Vore is one of the party. A month or so ago he

and an opponent at whist got into a discussion somewhat foreign to the cards. Each man had an opinion so decided that he was willing to back it with an oyster supper for the party. Later developments proved Mr. Vore to be in error, and when the whist club met at his residence on Saturday evening he paid the wager by serving the biggest kind of an oyster supper, which was heartily enjoyed by all present.

Concert by a Quartette.
The Orion Quartette, composed of A. J. Kutner, first tenor; W. A. Ellenberger, second tenor; O. Stewart Taylor, first bass, and O. W. Kyle, second bass, will render the following programme at Sierra Madre next Saturday evening:

Quartette, "Evening Song" (Banks) tenor solo, selected—A. J. Kutner.
Quartette, "The Chapel."
Duet, "On to the Field of Glory"—Messrs. Taylor and Kyle.
Quartette, "Wanderer's Night Song."
Baritone solo, selected—O. Stewart Taylor.
Quartette, "Where Would I Be?"
Quartette, "Banish O Malen."
Duet, "Lambert Watch"—Messrs. Kutner and Kyle.
Quartette, "Oh, Forest Fair."
Bass solo, "The Song of the Sea"—O. W. Kyle.
Quartette, "Waltz Song" (Vogler).

Hotel San Gabriel.
Robert C. Smith, G. D. Smith, Anna K. Smith and Martha C. Smith, eastern tourists, arrived on Friday from Coronado.
A. Tozer, W. H. Bean, John G. Nelson and A. O. Nelson, a party who are touring Southern California, lunched at the hotel on Friday.

Charles Silent, wife and child, of Los Angeles, are among the late arrivals.

Miss Dash of Pasadena, is the guest of Miss Grinnell.

F. W. Sanborn has returned to Santa Ana.

Jacob Bean, a wealthy lumberman of Stillwater, Minn., registered on Friday.

Other recent arrivals include: J. W. Blamer and Sam Jones; M. Lee Young, G. S. Wright, P. L. Pudding, Otis Stevens, Los Angeles; Miss E. Smith, Omaha.

Still at the Head.

In the drill reports for February just received by Capt. Hamilton, Company B. has the highest percentage of merit, which is based on the average attendance at drill, of any company in the Seventh Regiment. The official figures are: Company A, 70.37; Company B, 73.07; Company C, 69.78; Company D, 58.13; Company F, 62.10; Company G, 51. This is not the first time that the Pasadena company has headed the list. Considering the fact that some of the members have been engaged for some time past in work in other towns, which necessitated their absence from drill, the record is a good one.

BREVITIES.

Yesterday's overland was bulletined fifteen hours late.

C. S. Martin will return from Mt. Wilson tomorrow.

The new table on the Santa Fe went into effect yesterday.

Miss Wills of Los Angeles was in town yesterday visiting friends.

Marshall McLean reported all quiet at police headquarters yesterday.

Company B will hold a regular weekly drill tonight at the Armory.

There is only one bonnet in the local branch of the Salvation Army at present.

Miss Viall's wedding will constitute one of the chief social events of the week.

F. C. Bolt has purchased a lot on Orange Grove avenue near Bellefontaine avenue.

The fog continues to blow in from the sea at night, but they usually clear away before noon.

The party who visited Glendale Saturday evening to institute a G. A. R. post report a pleasant time.

The Pickwick Club is making arrangements for a billiard and pool tournament, to open the latter part of this week.

The Orion Quartette, composed of Messrs. Kyle, Taylor, Ellenberger and Kutner, will give a concert at Sierra Madre next Saturday evening.

In yesterday's issue the types said that Mr. Taylor's choral class concert would be given at the Congregational Church, January 12. The "January" should have read "June."

Special Sale of Clothing.
Having decided to give up the clothing department we are making special low prices and with so much to sell we have an opportunity to be lost. Come early and make your selection. GARDNER & WEBSTER.

CALIFORNIA SOLVENTS, wild flowers, books and small, orange and pink, candles, curios and Japanese goods, unique, artist cheap. Hanford's Bazaar, 46 E. Colorado St., Pasadena.

BANKS
SAN GABRIEL VALLEY BANK—PASADENA, CAL.
Capital Paid up \$50,000
Surplus 11,847

DIRECTORS:
HON. H. H. MARKHAM, Hon. L. J. Ross, H. W. Magee, Pres., F. C. Bolt, Vice-Pres., J. M. HUGHES, B. MARSHALL WOTKINS, Cashier.
A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
Time deposits received and 5 per cent interest paid.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
President, F. M. GREEN.
Vice-President, R. HALL.
Cashier, A. H. CONGER.
Asst. Cashier, EMMETT H. MAY.
A general banking business transacted.

PASADENA NATIONAL BANK.
Capital Paid up \$100,000
Profits 9,000
J. W. HELLMAN, President.
Vice-President, R. HALL.
Cashier, T. P. LUKENS, Cashier.
E. E. JONES, Assistant Cashier.
Agency for Los Angeles Savings Bank and Savings Bank of Southern California.

WILLIAM R. STAATS.
INVESTMENT BANKER AND BROKER.
Money to Loan. Collections Made. Insurance Effected.
12 S. RAYMOND AVENUE.

MCDONALD & BROOKS, SUCCEORS
102 N. Raymond, Pasadena, Cal.
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
Negotiate loans, rent houses, manage properties, make collections, pay taxes, etc.
References: Banks or business men of the city.

FOR SALE—AZUSA ORANGE LAND.
100 acres in 12 tracts, all under irrigation, and 200-acre tracts with bearing orange groves, and other improvements \$500 to \$400 per acre; 12 acres light irrigated, with orange and deciduous trees in bearing, to exchange for unimproved city property. HENRY C. MOOREHEAD, Azusa.

UNIVERSITY PLACE.

The Tennis Championship—Street-car Wrecked—Picnic.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, May 16.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] Tennis is still a topic of considerable interest among the students. Prof. Arnold has again won the championship of the Ninth-street club. In the final set he beat Bumiller by a score of 6, 4, 6-1. In the doubles at the same club, Arnold and Cosby were winners, beating Cochran and Bumiller by a score of 6-4, 2-6, 6-3, 7-5. On Saturday, May 30, a tournament of mixed doubles will be played by the students. The ladies and gentlemen are both practicing for that event, and some good games are expected to take place. The University football team was the champion in that sport for a number of years, and it now appears as if they will be the most dexterous racket wielders.

Last Thursday morning one of the cars on the Main-street line jumped the track near Sixth street and ran into a tree. It was brought back to the shop in a demoralized condition; the top being almost knocked off.

Prof. Cochran will give a lecture in University Chapel, Friday evening May 23. He has chosen for his subject "Life in Japan," and as he has spent about fifteen years in that country, and is an exceptionally fine descriptive speaker, a large audience is assured.

Next Saturday, May 23, the University church and Sunday-school will picnic at Verdugo Park. The start will be made from the end of the cable line, corner Grand avenue and Jefferson street, at 8 o'clock, to meet the Glendale Terminal Railroad at the Downey-avenue depot at 8:45. Returning, leave Verdugo at 3:15. All friends are invited to attend.

The College Association will hold a social at the Aristotelian hall this evening.

OCEANSIDE.

OCEANSIDE, May 16.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The Chamber of Commerce is making an effort to organize an irrigation district with the aim of forwarding the prosperity of the surrounding country. Many demur on account of the fear of increased taxation, forgetting that water taxes are the easiest taxes we can pay, for they are more than compensated for by the increased value of the land.

E. A. Tuttle has purchased ten acres just back of town for a nursery. He has laid water pipes, fenced and in other ways improved it.

J. B. Lippincott of Washington, D. C., was in town last week. He came from Las Vegas, N. M., and preceded the U. S. Geological Survey. He has selected suitable camping grounds for fifteen or twenty men. They, with a complete camping outfit, mules, etc., will arrive within the next two weeks.

Last Friday evening Tuttle's Opera House was filled, to listen to our first graduating exercises, the second in the county. The graduating class was Misses Hatfield, Evers, Ruth Martin and Nellie Clements and Master Alfred McCray. The three first will enter the Normal, at Los Angeles, in September. Local talent furnished a number of fine musical selections. Both principal and pupils received many congratulations.

The prospects are good for a large number of summer visitors. There is plenty of room for campers, and our beach and climate are unsurpassed.

OCEANSIDE.

Oceanside's New Water System.
(Herald.)

Last Tuesday, May 12th, at noon Oceanside's new water system was tested, and was pronounced a complete success by the Water Committee.

Great credit is due Mr. Schuyler for the prompt and business-like way the work was conducted from the first to the end.

Oceanside has now what it has needed for a long time, plenty of good and cheap water, both for domestic and irrigating purposes, the system being ample to irrigate the acre land also, for a radius of two miles around the city. With plenty of cheap water Oceanside may confidently look forward to an era of prosperity, and, from an irrigation point of view, it is up to this most favored section is near.

Sierra Madre, May 15.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] There was a large gathering of people at the public school building this afternoon, the occasion being the raising of the Stars and Stripes, to float henceforth over that building. Appropriate remarks were made by Revs. Abbott and Dalton of Sierra Madre, and by some of the pupils, and singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "America" by the congregation. Franklin Clark raised the flag, his father donating the same to the school.

Mrs. Dr. Fay left for the East today, on the overland. She goes to see her mother, who is very sick.

Since the clouds have passed away, crowds are starting again up to Wilson's Peak.

Several new-comers this week, who came to stay. Mr. Rice and family of Los Angeles have rented the Sullivan house for a year. They came for Mrs. Rice's health.

Farmers are buying in earnest. C. M. Clark & Co. and L. E. Steinberger have several hundred tons cut and have commenced to bale the same.

Rev. A. Gregory was surprised to find his brother and his wife walking in his house last week. They came unannounced from "way back East."

Victor, May 15.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The ore from the Ophir is being milled here. This is one of the recently developed Oro Grande mines belonging to C. Like and Mr. McCready. Fifty tons of this ore was run through as a test last week, and although I have not seen the returns, it probably went somewhere between \$50 and \$75, judging from the chunk of amalgam, which was larger than a coconut.

The Coronado Foundry Company is milling this ore in their mill here, which was built for the Sidewinder mine, and have just fitted up their mill with the plane vanner, discarding the corrugated which they used on the Sidewinder ore. It is claimed that the corrugated vanner caught some sand, thereby increasing the weight of the concentrates and being of no value.

The Tech. Professor is here, and we frequently see him holding an earnest conversation with some of the miners and section men. The general impression among them is that there is no poll tax this year, while there is only the road poll tax abolished for the time being.

E. L. Matott and W. H. Findley of San Diego were here this week and made some discoveries in their marble quarries. Mr. Matott showed some of the most beautiful onyx and corinthian marble to be seen anywhere. He is a Massachusetts marble expert and says there is nothing like this anywhere in the world.

HOTEL PALOMARES.

Pomona, Cal.

(Sixty Minutes' Ride From Los Angeles, Cal.)

A pleasant quiet house of 180 Sunny Rooms. Pure water from Artesian Wells, Open Fires, Gas, Electric Bells, Telegraph and Telephone connections. A good Livery connected with the House. Special Rates for the Summer.

F. B. DASHIELL, Manager.

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

The California Fruit Grower describes a green chrysanthemum growing in that State:

"The flowers are nearly two inches in diameter, and were more perfect of their kind than is (Verd'fiora) the green rose. The petals were distinctly incurved, leaving a considerable center. All of the parts were of a clear, bright green color."

It is estimated that 13,000 acres will be set to orange trees in San Bernardino county this season—an acreage nearly three times as great as that of last season. The 13,000 acres of orange land, water, trees and labor of setting latter, represents an expenditure of about \$4,000,000.—Ontario Observer.

The Citrograph says there will be between 600 and 700 carloads of cabbage shipped east this year. The shipment of potatoes will be more than double this amount. Peas and tomatoes will add a hundred or two more. Beans, peppers, cauliflower and asparagus will swell the total number of carloads of "truck," as it is called, to somewhat near 4000 carloads.

The Pomona Progress says there have been planted at the experimental station, two of every variety of trees, including forty-six varieties of apples, fifty varieties of pears, twenty-one of olives, ten of cherries, fourteen of almonds, fourteen of prunes, sixteen of apricots, eight of hickories, forty-three of peaches, eight of Japan plums, twenty of figs, seventy-five of grapes, seventeen of oranges, three of lemons, and seventy-five of plums. The trees and plants are all doing nicely. The dates also are making a magnificent growth.

The king of all the lobsters was caught off Monhegan, Me., the other day. He was thirty inches long and weighed fourteen pounds.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Arising from youthful indiscretion, excesses in mature years, or from any other cause, involuntary losses, loss of memory and ambition, aversion to society, impurity of the blood, bloatedness, loss of power, kidney and bladder troubles, speedily and permanently cured when every other remedy has failed, by

DR. STEINHART'S ESSENCE OF LIFE.

PRICE \$2.00.
In bottle or pill form, or 5 times the quantity for \$10.00.

To be had of the following Druggists:

F. C. WOLF,
106 W. FIRST ST., Los Angeles, Cal.
(Under the Nat'k)

—OR—
C. E. BEAN,
COR. PEARL & PICO STS., Los Angeles, Cal.

DOCTOR JACKER'S PURE PINK PILLS.
These Celebrated ENGLISH PILLS cure all diseases of the Blood, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, Constipation, Smallpox, and all a variety of the troubles. Sold in England for 15 years, in America for 25. Get them from your Druggists, or send to W. H. HOOKER & CO., 40 West Broadway, New York.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

GERMAN Sweet Chocolate.

The most popular sweet Chocolate in the market. It is nutritious and palatable; a particular favorite with children, and a most excellent article for family use.

Served as a drink or eaten as Confectionery, it is a delicious Chocolate.

The genuine is stamped upon the wrapper, S. German, Dorchester, Mass.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

THIS IS OUR WAY OF FITTING GLASSES! The careful and proper adjustment of Frames is as important as the correct fitting of lenses. We make the scientific adjustment of Glasses and Frames our specialty and guarantee a perfect fit, best of the eyes. Free. Full stock of artificial eyes on hand. Glasses ground to order on premises.

S. G. Marshall, Scientific Optician, 228 S. SPRING ST., Theater Building.

J. A. HENDERSON, President.
W. F. MARSHALL, Secretary.
J. E. SMITH, Vice-President and Treasurer.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LUMBER CO.
550 E. FIRST ST., Los Angeles, California.

CREOSOLINE
GREATEST
Pres. & Chicken Killer.
Ask your dealer for it, or send for Free Circular to Petaluma Incubator Co., Petaluma, Cal.

HOTEL PALOMARES.

Pomona, Cal.

(Sixty Minutes' Ride From Los Angeles, Cal.)

A pleasant quiet house of 180 Sunny Rooms. Pure water from Artesian Wells, Open Fires, Gas, Electric Bells, Telegraph and Telephone connections. A good Livery connected with the House. Special Rates for the Summer.

F. B. DASHIELL, Manager.

Lines of City Business.

Books and Stationery.
LAZARUS & MEYER, wholesale and retail, 111 N. Spring St. Telephone 58.

Iron Works.
BAKER IRON WORKS, 542-564 Buena Vista.

Lumber.
KERRICKOFF-GUTZNER MILL AND LUMBER CO., wholesale and retail lumber dealers, Office, cor. Alameda and May sts.

Educational.
WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE and Institute of Shorthand and Typewriting, 245 S. Spring St. Los Angeles, Cal. The leading school of Practical Business Education. For circulars a specimen of penmanship, call any time, send for catalogue. CALVIN ESTERLY, President, P. O. Box 2893.

LOS ANGELES UNIVERSITY—FOR both sexes: collegiate, preparatory and training school departments; law, art and education. Under the direction of President CALVIN ESTERLY, President, P. O. Box 2893.

LA SCHOOL OF ART AND DESIGN, incorporated, Cor. Spring and Third sts. GERMAN TAUGHT BY A FIRST-CLASS lady teacher. P. O. Box 1016, city.

LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE, 111 N. Spring St. LAZARUS & MEYER, Proprietors, 144 S. Main St.

MRS. MARKE WILLIAMS, a P. I. L. School for children on Monday next at 1049 BRYAN ST., 3 blocks west of Temple Church, church, music, application, piano for sale.

D. FABIAN, R. M. THE FAULT, Office and residence, 511 N. Main St.

PURE BREACH SUCCESSFULLY TAUGHT BY WELL-KNOWN TEACHER, POSTOFFICE BOX 19.

Assayers.
ORO GRANDE ASSAY OFFICE—HERMAN KENE, Assayer. All kinds of assays on short notice and correct returns given.

Attorneys.
E. W. SARGENT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Rooms 1 and 2, N. E. cor. Franklin and New High sts.

Homeopathic Physicians.
A. S. SHORR, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST, Office, 132 N. Main St., Mascaretti Bldg.; residence, 1112 N. Main St., telephone No. 82.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, 131 NORTH Spring St. (Phillips Block); general, family and obstetric practice. Tel. 433. Day and night.

DOROTHEA LUMMIS, M.D., OFFICE and residence, 503 Broadway, Tel. 650.

Architects.
R. B. YOUNG, ARCHITECT, ROOMS 47, 48 and 49 New Wilson block, First and Broadway.

MORGAN & WALLS, ARCHITECTS, Rooms 1 to 3, No. 30 S. Spring St.

Dentists.
DR. L. W. WELLS, COR. OF SPRING and First sts., Wilson Block; take elevator, teeth filled painlessly; gold crown and bridge work; teeth extracted without pain. Room 36.

DR. C. STEVENS & SONS, 107 NORTH Main St., room 18; teeth filled and extracted painlessly by electricity; teeth, \$5 to \$10; crowns, \$5; gold fillings, \$2 up; silver, \$1.

DR. H. W. BROADBENT, DENTIST, removed to 223 S. Spring St., rooms 2 and 3.

DR. G. KNEPPER, DENTIST, OLD Wilson block, 124 W. First St.

ADAMS BROS., DENTISTS, REMOVED to 208 N. Main, opp. Temple Block. Painless filling and extracting. Crowns, \$5 up. Teeth, \$5 to \$10. Rooms 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.

DR. TOLHURST, DENTIST, 108 N. Spring St., rooms 2, 6, 7. Painless extracting.

R. G. CUNNINGHAM, DENTIST, 31 N. Spring St., rooms 1 and 2, Phillips block.

Physicians.
DR. J. ADAMS, PHYSICIAN AND Surgeon. In charge of medical and surgical diseases. Chronic diseases a specialty. Special attention given to the treatment of all female diseases, both medical and surgical. Office hours: 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; 2 to 4 p. m. Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Room 220 N. Main St., opposite the St. Simon Hotel. Residence, 615 N. Main St.

G. W. BURLEIGH, M.D., PHYSICIAN and Surgeon. Office and residence, 219 Broadway, Potomac Block. Special attention given to diseases of women; also eye, ear, nose and throat diseases of the tongue and bowels.

DR. HUGHES, FORMER RESIDENT Surgeon to the New York Hospital. Specialties: surgery and genito-urinary diseases. Office, 175 N. Spring St., hours, 9 to 11, 2 to 4.

REBECCA LEE DORSEY, M.D., OF. Office, 74 N. Main St. Attention given to diseases of women and children. Telephone 013.

LADIES CARED FOR DURING CONFINEMENT at 727 Bellevue ave. by MRS. DR. J. H. SMITH.

DR. BROWN, OFFICE 211 W. FIRST ST. All private diseases, and diseases of women.

DR. HESTER A. HEWINGS, NERV. diseases of women. 212 BROADWAY.

Chiropractors.
C. STAFFER, 209 W. FIRST ST., OP. S. post office building. Hours, 9 to 12. Corns, bunions and ingrowing toenails treated.

Specialists.
DR. C. EDGAR SMITH—DISEASES of women a specialty; rectal diseases treated by the Brinkhoff pulley system. Office, cor. Main and seventh sts., Roberts Block, Tel. 131.

MASSAGE, ELECTRICITY & ELECTRIC BATHS. MRS. DR. C. ANDERSON

